

Model Question of PSC Exam 2014

Subject: Bangladesh & Global Studies

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Full Marks: 100

[N.B.: The marks in the right margin indicate full marks.]

1. Write the correct answer in the answer-sheet: 1×40=40
- 1) What is the area of archaeological place of Paharpur?
a. 10 hectares b. 11 hectares c. 12 hectares d. 13 hectares
 - 2) Which type of industry is Square Pharma?
a. Textile industry b. Jute industry
c. Pharmamaceutical industry d. Potter industry
 - 3) What is the third element of a country's economic development?
a. Capital b. Human resource c. Natural resource d. Environment
 - 4) Why do various kinds of disasters occur in different countries in the world?
a. Natural and social causes b. Political and familial
c. Social and familial d. Natural and political
 - 5) Which of the following is violation of human rights?
a. To get justice b. Women and children trafficking
c. To get education d. To get security
 - 6) What happens because of dry weather and insufficient rainfall?
a. Flood b. Drought c. River erosion d. Earthquake
 - 7) In which year did United Nations approve 'The Universal Declaration of Human Rights'?
a. 1940 b. 1945 c. 1948 d. 1950
 - 8) In our country people of which age can cast votes?
a. 18 b. 20 c. 22 d. 24
 - 9) Which is a characteristic of an autistic friend?
a. Sometimes they become too excited by hearing normal sound
b. Behaves good with everyone
c. Likes to hear everyone talking d. keeps their things tidy
 - 10) What is the meaning of democracy?
a. Rule of the family b. Rules of one person
c. Rules of a political party d. Rules of people
 - 11) What is the name of the school founded by Begum Roquia?
a. Sakhawat Girls' school b. Sakhawat Memorial Girls' School
c. Sakhawat Memorial School d. Begum Roquia Girls' School

- 12) What religion does the Mro Society generally follow?
a. Christian b. Orthodox c. Sansarek d. Buddhism
- 13) Which organization's target is to improve the living standards of the member nations?
a. United Nations b. SAARC c. UNICEF d. UNESCO
- 14) What quantity of food deficit is there in Bangladesh every year?
a. Almost 2 million b. Almost 2.4 million
c. Almost 2.5 million d. Almost 2.6 million
- 15) Scarcity of which causes drought?
a. Air b. Water c. Livestock d. Crops
- 16) Which is a violation of human rights?
a. Providing security b. Able to follow religion
c. Equal rights of all d. Not providing chance for education
- 17) What the Pakistani authority called the late night massacre of 25th March?
a. Operation Clean Heart b. Operation against the Bangalee
c. Operation Search Light d. Operation Tikka Khan
- 18) Every year we observe 14th December as-
a. Victory Day b. Shahid Dibosh
c. Independence Day d. Martyred Intellectual Day
- 19) What is called the ear ring that Tripura women wear?
a. Risa b. Natong c. Rima d. Dokbanda
- 20) Who was the last independent Nawab of Bengal?
a. Siraj-ud-Daulah b. Mir Quasim
c. Mir Zafar d. Abdul Latif
- 21) What is essential for proper utilization of natural resource and capital?
a. Housing b. Healthy environment
c. Human resource d. Balanced food
- 22) What is the percentage of contribution of agriculture in the national income of Bangladesh?
a. 10% b. 20% c. 30% d. 40%
- 23) How many governmental sugar mills are there in Bangladesh?
a. 14 b. 15 c. 16 d. 18
- 24) What is the fundamental element of human resource development?
a. Labour force b. Training c. Education d. Employment
- 25) What is the main cause of different kinds of disasters in the world?
a. Climate change b. River erosion
c. Green house effect d. Drought
- 26) What is the main cause of child labour?
a. Education b. Environment problem
c. Population problem d. Poverty

- 27) Suppose there is a student in your class named Rana who doesn't want to talk, play or make friendship with others. His behavior refers to what type of children?
- Sick Children
 - Autistic children
 - Normal Children
 - Disease infected children
- 28) What is required to run a state?
- Capital
 - Resource
 - Manpower
 - Population
- 29) Bipasha was going to school with her mother. To reach school quickly they cross the road by walking instead of using the over bridge in front of the school and became severely injured. How could they avoid this incident?
- By using footpaths
 - By using over bridge
 - By walking in the middle of the road
 - By breaking traffic signal
- 30) When was Sakhawat Memorial Girls' school built?
- In 1905
 - In 1910
 - In 1915
 - In 1932
- 31) Where do most of the Tripuras live?
- Himchhari
 - Khagrachhari
 - Fatikchhari
 - Nikkhonghari
- 32) How many permanent members are there in Security Council?
- Five states
 - Six states
 - Seven states
 - Eight states
- 33) Where is the head office of UN?
- Moscow
 - Katmandu
 - Paris
 - New York
- 34) A sect of population, called 'Nar' or 'Pnar', who subsist by cultivating betel leaves. They find betel nuts and betel leave very sacred – who are they?
- The Chakmas
 - The Garos
 - The Mros
 - The Khasis
- 35) UNICEF works for-
- Solving unemployment
 - Solving poverty
 - Securing peoples right
 - Developing of children in the world
- 36) What is the language of Garo in Bangladesh?
- Ublei Nangthau
 - Sangsharek
 - Abeng
 - Rebuga
- 37) Who was the prime Minister of temporary government in Bangladesh?
- Sayed Nazrul Islam
 - Tajuddin Ahmed
 - M. Mansur Ali
 - Ataul Goni Osmani
- 38) Where is Bangladesh's folklore museum located?
- Paharpur
 - Moynamoti
 - Wari-Bateshwar
 - Sonargaon
- 39) Where should we practice democratic behavior?
- Home
 - School
 - Classroom
 - Everywhere
- 40) Which day is observed as International Women's Day?
- 8th January
 - 8th February
 - 8th March
 - 8th April

2. Fill in the blanks with right word/words and write it in the answer-sheet: 1×10=10

- a) The objective of SAARC is to improve the _____ standard of the member nations.
- b) In the Mro society houses are called _____.
- c) In primary school _____% women are being employed as teachers.
- d) All people have the rights to have their own _____.
- e) During drought many people's _____ becomes stop.
- f) There is one trained physician for every _____ number of people in Bangladesh.
- g) Bangladesh earns _____ by exporting agricultural cash crops.
- h) High walls made of _____ were found surrounding Lalbagh fort.
- i) The British ruled this country for almost _____ years.
- j) Almost _____ people lost lives at the Liberation War.

3. Answer in short of the following questions and write it in your answer-sheet: 1×10=10

- a) By whose leadership the Sipahi mutiny was started?
- b) What is the main task of Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)?
- c) Who was the chief of combined military force?
- d) Write the names of three industries of Bangladesh.
- e) What is the most delicious food of the Mros?
- f) Why did the importance of Sonargaon gradually start to decrease?
- g) What is weather?
- h) What is autism?
- i) Who is called the pioneer of women's liberation movement?
- j) What is the full form of UNICEF?

4. Answer any eight of the following questions including a, b and c: 5×8=40

- a) Describe the contribution of Jute industry in the economy of Bangladesh.
- b) Write down five steps that should be taken for the women's development in Bangladesh.
- c) Write down five importance of garments industry in Bangladesh.
- d) Why did the Battle of Palashi take place? What was the result of this battle?
- e) Why are brotherhood and alliance required between nations?
- f) Describe the importance of the Sipahi mutiny in 1857.
- g) What are the main reasons of violence against women?
- h) How can we practice democracy in our homes?
- i) What was the result of renaissance in Bengal?
- j) Write the necessity of human rights?